## => d his

## (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:44:16 ON 13 SEP 2001)

```
FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 14:45:25 ON 13 SEP 2001
L1
             0 S COX-II(L) (MUSCLE(2A) RELAXANT#)
L2
             66 S PRIDINOL OR PRIDINOLUM
L3
             0 S L2(S)PAIN?
             7 S L2(L)PAIN
L4
             0 S L4 NOT PY>=2000
L5
L6
             56 S L2(L) (PAIN# OR ANALGES?)
             36 S L6 NOT PY>=2000
L7
             6 S REFECOXIB OR VIOXX? OR MK-0966
L8
             19 S ROFECOXIB OR VIOXX? OR MK-0966
L9
L10
             12 S L9(L) (PAIN# OR ANALGES?)
             0 S L10 NOT PY>=2000
L11
     FILE 'INPADOC' ENTERED AT 15:02:55 ON 13 SEP 2001
     FILE 'PCTFULL' ENTERED AT 15:03:08 ON 13 SEP 2001
L12
             0 S L1
L13
             25 S L2
             23 S L13(L) (PAIN# OR ANALGES?)
L14
            17 S L14 NOT PY>=2000
L15
             7 S L13(S) (PAIN# OR ANALGES?)
L16
             6 S L16 NOT PY>=2000
L17
L18
            97 S L10
L19
             9 S L18 NOT PY>=2000
```

-----PATENT INFORMATION:

US 5665394 19970909 US 1996-723152 19960930 (8) APPLICATION INFO.:

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Division of Ser. No. US 1995-391699, filed on 21 Feb

1995, now patented, Pat. No. US 5594091

NUMBER DATE

-----JP 1994-22858 19940221 PRIORITY INFORMATION:

JP 1994-22880 19940221

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Azpuru, Carlos A. LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Foley & Lardner

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 10 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: LINE COUNT: 1397

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to a matrix for sustained-release preparation comprising an ester formed at a terminal carboxyl group of

straight-chain polyester which essentially consists of an .alpha.-hydroxymonocarboxylic acid. The matrix is stable to light,

heat,

moisture, coloring etc., and is of low toxicity. The sustained-release preparation produced by using the ester of the present invention offers stable drug release over an extended period of time, ensuring sustained stable effect. Furthermore, the sustained-release preparation does not show excess drug release just after administration.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

ANSWER 34 OF 36 USPATFULL

(,

90:29845 USPATFULL ACCESSION NUMBER:

TITLE: Prolonged release microcapsules

INVENTOR(S): Okada, Hiroaki, Osaka, Japan Ogawa, Yasuaki, Osaka, Japan

Yashiki, Takatsuka, Hyogo, Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd., Osaka, Japan

(non-U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

-----PATENT INFORMATION: US 4917893 19900417 APPLICATION INFO.: US 1987-103117 19870930 (7)

DISCLAIMER DATE: 20040324

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Division of Ser. No. US 1986-940614, filed on 11 Dec

1986 which is a division of Ser. No. US 1984-667096, filed on 1 Nov 1984, now patented, Pat. No. US 4652441

> NUMBER DATE

JP 1983-207760 PRIORITY INFORMATION: 19831104

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Terapane, John F. ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Covert, John M.

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Wegner & Bretschneider

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1 LINE COUNT: 1005

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

A microcapsule produced by preparing a water-in-oil emulsion comprising an inner aqueous layer containing said water-soluble drug and a drug retaining substance therefor and an oil layer containing a polymer substance, then thickening or solidifying said inner aqueous layer to a

viscosity of not lower than about 5000 centiposes and finally

subjecting

the resulting emulsion to in water drying gives prolonged release of

water-soluble drug.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

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ANSWER 15 OF 36 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 97:80947 USPATFULL

TITLE: Matrix for sustained-release preparation

INVENTOR(S): Igari, Yasutaka, Hyogo, Japan

Saikawa, Akira, Osaka, Japan Okamoto, Kayoko, Osaka, Japan Kamei, Shigeru, Hyogo, Japan Oka, Masahisa, Kanagawa, Japan Sano, Atsunori, Saitama, Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd., Osaka, Japan

(non-U.S. corporation)

Wako Purechemical Industries, Ltd., Osaka, Japan

(non-U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

## L7 ANSWER 34 OF 36 USPATFULL

SUMM

. . . the kind and type of said water-soluble drug. Thus, for example, biologically active polypeptides and other antibiotics, antitumor agents, antipyretics, analgesics, antiinflammatory agents, antitussives and expectorants, sedatives, muscle relaxants, antiepileptics, antiulcer agents, anti-depressants, antiallergic drugs, cardiotonics, anti-arrhythmic agents, vasodilators, antihypertensive diuretics, . . .

SUMM

The aforementioned antipyretic, analgesic and antiinflammatory drugs include, for instance, sodium salicylate, sulpyrine, sodium flufenamate, sodium diclofenac, sodium indomethacin, morphine hydrochloride, pethidine hydrochloride, levorphanol. . . Examples of said sedatives include chlorpromazine hydrochloride, prochlorperazine, trifluoperazine, atropine sulfate and scopolamine methylbromide. The muscle relaxants include, among others, pridinol methanesulfonate, tubocurarine chloride and pancuronium bromide. The antiepileptics include, for instance, sodium phenytoin, ethosuximide, sodium acetazolamide and chlordiazepoxide hydrochloride. Examples. .

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L7
     ANSWER 1 OF 36 USPATFULL
       Dissolution liquid for drug in iontophoresis
TI
L7
     ANSWER 2 OF 36 USPATFULL
TI
       Drug-resin complexes stabilized by chelating agents
L7
     ANSWER 3 OF 36 USPATFULL
ΤÏ
       Device structure for iontophoresis
L7
     ANSWER 4 OF 36 USPATFULL
ΤI
       Medicinal adjuvants consisting of N-subsitituted-o-toluidine
       derivatives, and percutaneously absorbable preparations comprising the
       adjuvants
1.7
     ANSWER 5 OF 36 USPATFULL
TI Matrix patch formulation
     ANSWER 6 OF 36 USPATFULL
L7
       Production of microspheres
TI
    ANSWER 7 OF 36 USPATFULL
L7
ΤI
       Composition containing a water-insoluble or slightly water-soluble
       compound with enhanced water-solubility
L7
     ANSWER 8 OF 36 USPATFULL
ΤI
       Fast soluble tablet
L7
     ANSWER 9 OF 36 USPATFULL
TI
       Stabilized interface for iontophoresis
     ANSWER 10 OF 36 USPATFULL
L7
TI
       Medicated plaster containing basic physiologically active agents and/or
       salts thereof
     ANSWER 11 OF 36 USPATFULL
L7
TI
       Method for inducing crystalline state transition in medicinal substance
L7
     ANSWER 12 OF 36 USPATFULL
       Microparticle preparation and production thereof
TI
L7
     ANSWER 13 OF 36 USPATFULL
TI
       Compositions and methods for topical administration of pharmaceutically
       active agents
L7
     ANSWER 14 OF 36 USPATFULL
ΤI
      Method of manufacturing wax matrices
L7
     ANSWER 15 OF 36 USPATFULL
ΤI
       Matrix for sustained-release preparation
     ANSWER 16 OF 36 USPATFULL
L7
TI
       Solubility parameter based drug delivery system and method for altering
       drug saturation concentration
L7
     ANSWER 17 OF 36 USPATFULL
ΤĮ
       Prolonged release microparticle preparation and production of the same
L7
     ANSWER 18 OF 36 USPATFULL
ΤI
       Method for producing microcapsule
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L7 ANSWER 19 OF 36 USPATFULL ΤI Prolonged release microparticle preparation and production of the same L7 ANSWER 20 OF 36 USPATFULL Production of microcapsules of water-soluble drugs ΤI L7 ANSWER 21 OF 36 USPATFULL Matrix for sustained-release preparation ΤI ANSWER 22 OF 36 USPATFULL L7 Method of producing sustained-release microcapsules TIL7 ANSWER 23 OF 36 USPATFULL Sustained release capsule ΤI ANSWER 24 OF 36 USPATFULL 1.7 ΤI Prolonged release microcapsule ANSWER 25 OF 36 USPATFULL L7 Method of manufacturing solid dispersion ΤI L7 ANSWER 26 OF 36 USPATFULL Amplification of the VB.sub.12 uptake system using polymers ΤI L7ANSWER 27 OF 36 USPATFULL Compositions and methods for topical administration of pharmaceutically ΤI active agents L7 ANSWER 28 OF 36 USPATFULL ΤI Sustained release microcapsule L7 ANSWER 29 OF 36 USPATFULL ΤI Sustained release microcapsule for water soluble drug ANSWER 30 OF 36 USPATFULL L7 Polylactic acid type microspheres containing physiologically active TΙ substance and process for preparing the same L7ANSWER 31 OF 36 USPATFULL TIProlonged release microcapsule of a water-soluble drug L7 ANSWER 32 OF 36 USPATFULL ΤI Method for producing microcapsule L7 ANSWER 33 OF 36 USPATFULL ΤI Multiple step entrapment/loading procedure for preparing lipophilic drug-containing liposomes L7ANSWER 34 OF 36 USPATFULL TI Prolonged release microcapsules L7 ANSWER 35 OF 36 USPATFULL ΤI Prolonged release microcapsules and their production L7 ANSWER 36 OF 36 USPATFULL TI Prolonged release microcapsule and its production

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ANSWER 8 OF 16 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER:

95:112350 USPATFULL

TITLE: INVENTOR(S): Prolonged release microcapsule Okada, Hiroaki, Osaka, Japan Ogawa, Yasuaki, Osaka, Japan Yashiki, Takatsuka, Hyogo, Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd., Osaka, Japan

(non-U.S. corporation)

KIND DATE NUMBER -----PATENT INFORMATION: US 5476663 19951219 US 1994-228452 19940415 (8)

APPLICATION INFO.: DISCLAIMER DATE:

20070417

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Continuation of Ser. No. US 1991-748423, filed on 22 Aug 1991, now abandoned which is a division of Ser.

No.

US 1990-469784, filed on 24 Jan 1990, now patented, Pat. No. US 5061492 which is a division of Ser. No. US 1987-103117, filed on 30 Sep 1987, now patented, Pat. No. US 4917893 which is a division of Ser. No. US 1986-940614, filed on 11 Dec 1986, now patented, Pat. No. US 4711782 which is a division of Ser. No. US 1984-667096, filed on 1 Nov 1984, now patented, Pat.

No. US 4652441

NUMBER DATE -----JP 1983-207760

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

Utility

19831104

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER:

Lovering, Richard D.

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Foley & Lardner

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

L20 ANSWER 4 OF 4 USPATFULL

CLM What is claimed is:

. 21. A granular delayed-release form of pharmaceutically active substances according to claim 13, characterised in that the active substance is **pridinol** or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

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L20 ANSWER 4 OF 4 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 88:13087 USPATFULL

TITLE: Granular delayed-release form of pharmaceutically

active substances

INVENTOR(S): Ventouras, Kimon, Le Lignon, Switzerland

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Zyma SA, Nyon, Switzerland (non-U.S. corporation)

PATENT INFORMATION: US 4728513 19880301
APPLICATION INFO.: US 1986-888610 19860723 (6)

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION: GB 1985-19310 19850731

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Schofer, Joseph L. ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Kulkosky, Peter F.

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Glynn, Michael W., Fishman, Irving M.

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 22 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 11 Drawing Figure(s); 1 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 702

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

```
=> s 19/clm
            2 ROFECOXIB/CLM
            2 VIOXX?/CLM
          375 MK/CLM
            9 MKS/CLM
          384 MK/CLM
                ((MK OR MKS)/CLM)
            3 0966/CLM
            0 MK-0966/CLM
                 ((MK(W)0966)/CLM)
L21
             4 (ROFECOXIB/CLM OR VIOXX?/CLM OR MK-0966/CLM)
=> d ncl 1-4
L21 ANSWER 1 OF 4 USPATFULL
      NCLM: 128/898.000
NCL
    ANSWER 2 OF 4 USPATFULL
L21
      NCLM: 514/438.000
NCL
      NCLS: 514/568.000
L21
    ANSWER 3 OF 4 USPATFULL
      NCLM: 514/211.120
NCL
             514/213.010; 514/411.000; 514/412.000; 514/433.000
      MCLS:
L21 ANSWER 4 OF 4 USPATFULL
NCL
      NCLM: 514/248.000
```

NCLS: 514/226.500; 514/406.000; 514/473.000

=> s 12/clm

4 PRIDINOL/CLM

O PRIDINOLUM/CLM

L20

4 (PRIDINOL/CLM OR PRIDINOLUM/CLM)

=> d ncl 1-4

L20 ANSWER 1 OF 4 USPATFULL

NCL NCLM: 540/589.000

NCLS: 548/500.000; 564/045.000; 564/213.000

L20 ANSWER 2 OF 4 USPATFULL

NCL NCLM: 424/464.000

NCLS: 424/480.000; 424/489.000

L20 ANSWER 3 OF 4 USPATFULL

NCL NCLM: 264/122.000

NCLS: 264/211.110; 264/211.230; 264/349.000

L20 ANSWER 4 OF 4 USPATFULL

NCL NCLM: 424/461.000

NCLS: 424/468.000; 424/480.000; 424/495.000; 424/676.000; 424/679.000;

514/062.000; 514/081.000; 514/089.000; 514/100.000

=> d ti 1-4

L20 ANSWER 1 OF 4 USPATFULL

TI Method for inducing crystalline state transition in medicinal substance

L20 ANSWER 2 OF 4 USPATFULL

TI Cushioning beads and tablet comprising the same capable of forming a suspension

L20 ANSWER 3 OF 4 USPATFULL

TI Method of manufacturing wax matrices

L20 ANSWER 4 OF 4 USPATFULL

TI Granular delayed-release form of pharmaceutically active substances

1

L19 ANSWER 9 OF 9 PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2001 MicroPatent

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1999013799 PCTFULL

TITLE (ENGLISH):

SYNERGISTIC ANALGESIC COMBINATION OF OPIOID

ANALGESIC AND

CYCLOOXYGENASE-2 INHIBITOR

TITLE (FRENCH):

COMBINAISON ANALGESIQUE SYNERGIQUE D'

ANALGESIOUE OPIOIDE ET

D'INHIBITEUR DE CYCLOOXYGENASE-2

BURCH, Ronald, M.; GOLDENHEIM, Paul, D.; SACKLER,

Richard, S.

INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

EURO-CELTIQUE, S.A.

LANGUAGE OF PUBL.:

English English

LANGUAGE OF FILING: DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

PATENT INFORMATION:

NUMBER KIND

DESIGNATED STATES:

WO 9913799 A1 19990325 AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK EE ES FI GB GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT UA UG US UZ VN YU ZW GH GM KE LS MW SD SZ UG ZW AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM AT

BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG

APPLICATION INFO.:

WO 1998-US19516

19980917

PRIORITY (ORIGINAL):

US 1997-60/059195 19970917